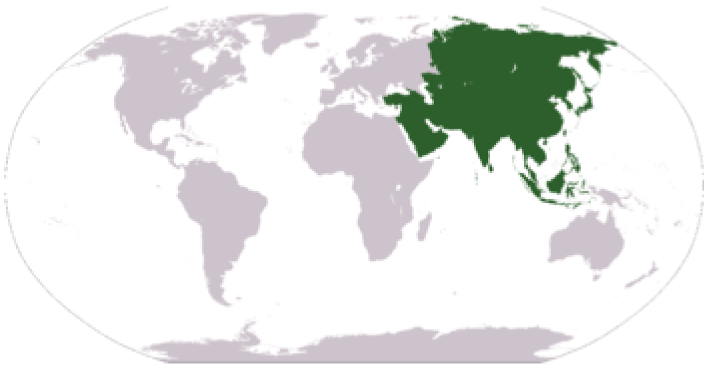
VICIPÆDIA

Asia

Vide etiam paginam discretivam: Asia (discretiva)

-3 (maxdubium) *Latinitas huius rei maxime dubia est. Corrige si potes. Vide {{latinitas}}.*



Tabula Asiae

Ăsĭa (-ae, *f.*) est maximus frequentissimusque orbis terrarum continens, plerumque in hemisphaeris Orientali et Septentrionali situs. Ea 8.7 centesimas Telluris areae superficialis, et 30 centesimas eius areae terrestris contegitur, atque circa 3.879 billiones (60 centesimas) omnium hominum sustinet. Saeculo vicensimo, numerus hominum Asianorum paene quater crevit.[1]

Definitur Asia secundum definitiones similes, ab Encyclopaedia Britannica[2] et National Geographic Society[3] oblatas, ut quattuor partes massae terrestris Eurasiae (parte occidentali Eurasiae ab Europae occupata) ad orientem Canalis Suesiensis et Uralium, atque ad meridiem Caucasi (vel Depressio Kuma-Manych appellati) et marium Caspii et Ponti. Finitur ad orientem ab Oceano Pacifico, ad meridiem ab Oceano Indico, et ad septentriones ab Oceano Arctico. Unam continet civitatem in Mari Mediterraneo: Cyprus. Asia—toponymum ex antiquitate classica—contra eius magnitudinem et diversitatem, "est plus notio culturalis," regiones et populos diversos comprehendens, quam res physica eiusdem generis.[4] Latissime variatur Asia inter et intra suas regiones quae ad greges ethnicos, culturas, circumiectus, res oeconomicas, nexus historicos, et systemata gubernationis spectat.

Deserta sunt in Asia Arabia (pars Sahara) et Gobi. Plerique homines ominum civitatum Sinam incolunt (33% continentis). Buddhismus et Hinduismus sunt religiones populares.

- Continentes adiacentes: Africa, Europa (terra), Oceania, America (aqua)
- Multitudo hominum: 3 600 milliones (aestimata), 60 centesimae numeri hominum in orbe terrarum
- Montes maximi: Mons Everestis.
- Terra altissima: vallis Turfana (-154 m)
- Area: 44 579 km^2 (17 212 mi^2) aut 30% terrae mundi
- Spissitudo incolarum: 89 per km^2

Index

Geographia et civitates

Geographia politica

Vide etiam Geographia Asiatica.



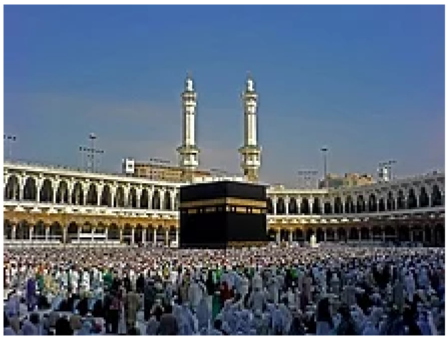
Civitates (nationes) Asiae

- Afgania
- Arabia
- Armenia
- Atropatene
- Baharina
- Bangladesha

- Birmania
- Bruneium
- Butania
- Cambosia
- Chirgisia
- Corea
  - Corea Meridionalis
  - Corea Septentrionalis
- Cuvaitum
- Cyprus
  - Cyprus Septentrionalis
- Georgia
- Iaponia
- Iemenia
- India
- Indonesia
- Iordania
- Irania
- Iracum
- Israel
  - Palaestina
- Kazachstania
- Laotia
- Libanus
- Malaesia
- Maldivae
- Mongolia
- Nepalia
- Omania
- Pakistania
- Philippinae
- Phylarchiarum Arabicarum Confoederatio
- Quataria
- Russia
- Sinae
  - Formosa
- Singapura
- Taprobane
- Syria
- Tadzikistania
- Thailandia
- Timoria Orientalis
- Turcia


Asia Ptolemaei


Monachi Buddhistici in Thailandia.


Peregrinatores per Hajj annum apud Kaabah in Mecca.

- Turcomannia
- Uzbecia
- Vietnamia

Partes



Hinduici credunt lavari in sacra Gangis aqua omnia peccata removere.

In *Geoschemate* Consociationis Nationum Asia dividitur in has sex partes:

- Asia Orientalis vel *Oriens Extremus*
- Asia Centralis vel *Asia Media*
- Asia Australis
- Asia Australorientalis
- Asia Occidentalis vel *Asia Australoccidentalis* vel *Oriens Proximus* vel *Oriens Medius*
- Russia (Asiatica) vel *Siberia*

Paeninsulae

- Paeninsula Arabica
- Paeninsula Camtschatca
- Paeninsula Coreana
- Paeninsula Indosinensis

Maiores fluvii

- Amur
- Benares
- Euphrates
- Ganges
- Iaxartes (Syr Daria)
- Ienisea
- Indus
- Iordanes
- Lena
- Obius
- Oxus (Amu Daria)
- Salvenus
- Tanais
- Tigris

Maiores montes

- Altai
- Caucasus
- Everestis

- Fusius

Notae

1. "Like herrings in a barrel," (http://www.economist.com/diversions/millennium/displayStory.cfm?Story_ID=346605) *The Economist,* 23 Decembris 1999.
2. *Asia* (http://www.britannica.com/eb/article-9110518/Asia). Chicago: Encyclopædia Britannica, Inc.. 2006
3. *National Geographic Atlas of the World* (7th ed.). Washington, DC: National Geographic. 1999. ISBN 978-0-7922-7528-2 "Europe" (pp. 68–69); "Asia" (pp. 90–91): "A commonly accepted division between Asia and Europe is formed by the Ural Mountains, Ural River, Caspian Sea, Caucasus Mountains, and the Black Sea with its outlets, the Bosporus and Dardanelles."
4. "Asia" (http://accessscience.com/abstract.aspx?id=054800&referURL=http%3a%2f%2faccessscience.com%2fcontent.aspx%3fid%3d054800). *AccessScience*. McGraw-Hill

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Nexus interni

- Duces civitatum Asiaticarum hodiernarum
- 67 Asia

Nexus externi

Vide **Asia** apud **Viciviam**.

- "Display Maps" (http://eusoils.jrc.ec.europa.eu/esdb_archive/EuDASM/asia/indexes/idx_country.htm). *The Soil Maps of Asia*. European Digital Archive of Soil Maps – EuDASM

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Haec stipula ad geographiam spectat. Amplifica (https://la.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Asia&action=edit), si potes!

Civitates et territoria Asiae

Civitates	Atropatene · Afgania · Arabia Saudiana · Armenia · Baharina · Bangladesa · Birmania · Bruneium · Butania · Cambosia · Chirgisia · Corea meridiana · Corea septentrionalis · Cuvaitum · Cyprus · Emiratus Arabici Coniuncti · Georgia · Iaponia · Iemenia · India · Indonesia · Iordania · Iracum · Irania · Israël · Kazachstania · Laotia · Libanus · Malaesia · insulae Maldivae · Mongolia · Nepalia · Omania · Pakistania · Philippinae · Quataria · Russia · Sinae · Singapura · Syria · Tadzikistania · Taprobane · Thailandia · Timoria Orientalis · Turcia · Turcomannia · Uzbecia · Vietnamia
Civitates statu dubio	Abascia · Carabachia Superior · Cyprus septentrionalis · Ossetia Meridionalis · Taivania
Territoria obnoxia et statu dubio	Acroterium et Decelea · Casmiria · Territoria Palaestinensia

Opus geopoliticum • *Nationes mundi* • *Asia*
Capsae cognatae: Africa • America • Europa • Oceania

Continentes

Africa · America · Antarctica · Asia · Europa · Oceania

Opus geopoliticum • *Continens*
Capsae cognatae: Civitates Africae • Americae • Asiae • Europae • Oceaniae

Receptum de "https://la.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Asia&oldid=3536880"

Novissima mutatio die 6 Iunii 2020 hora 11:07 facta.